

YOU USE THEM TO INDICATE TIME, PLACE, BELONGING,

## UNITA' 1 a - in - di -da - in - per

#### PREPOSITION OF PLACE

The preposition "A" is often equivalent of the English "in," "to" or "at".

"A" is used:

1. To talk about a location and tell where something is or where someone's going to.

ESEMPIO: SONO A SALONICCO - VADO A SALONICCO ("a" + town)

"IN" is used to indicate

1. State in a place.

Ti aspetto in macchina – I'm waiting for you in the car

- 2. Movement to a place, but only before countries and regions.
  - Andremo in vacanza in Francia –

#### "Da"

The Italian preposition da means "From" or "To"

- 1. Movement from a place.
  - Il treno è arrivato ora **da** Milano The train just arrived from Milan
- 2. A movement towards a person.
  - Nel pomeriggio vado da Marco In the afternoon I'll go to Marco's place

# "Per"

Per means "for", "by", "because of"

- 1. Movement to a place (where you pass through a place to reach your final destination).
  - Vado a Parigi passando **per** Milano

#### PER = A REASON for something.

• Mi sono trasferito a Roma **per** lavoro – I moved to Rome because of my job

#### PREPOSITION OF **TIME**

#### "Da"

The Italian preposition da means "since", "from", "by".

A past action that is still going on.

• Vivo a Roma dal 2003 – I've been living in Rome since 2003

"IN" is used to indicate

. A discussion about time (seasons and daily moments).

• Le foglie cadono **in** autunno

## "Per"

**Per** indicates the Time duration (for an action that is already finished).

• Parliamo al telefono **per** ore – We talk on the phone for hours

https://wordwall.net/it/resource/58085940/preposizioni-di-luogo-domande

https://wordwall.net/it/resource/23090924/le-preposizioni